

Course Name : Electrical and Electronics Engineering Group
Course Code : EE/EP/ET/EJ/EN/EX/IE/IS/IC/DE/ED/EI/IU/MU
Subject Title : Applied Electronics **Subject Code:** 9064
Semester : Fourth

Teaching and Examination Scheme:

Teaching Scheme			Examination Scheme					
TH	TU	PR	Paper Hrs.	TH	TEST	PR	TW	TOTAL
03	--	02	3	80	20	50#	25@	175

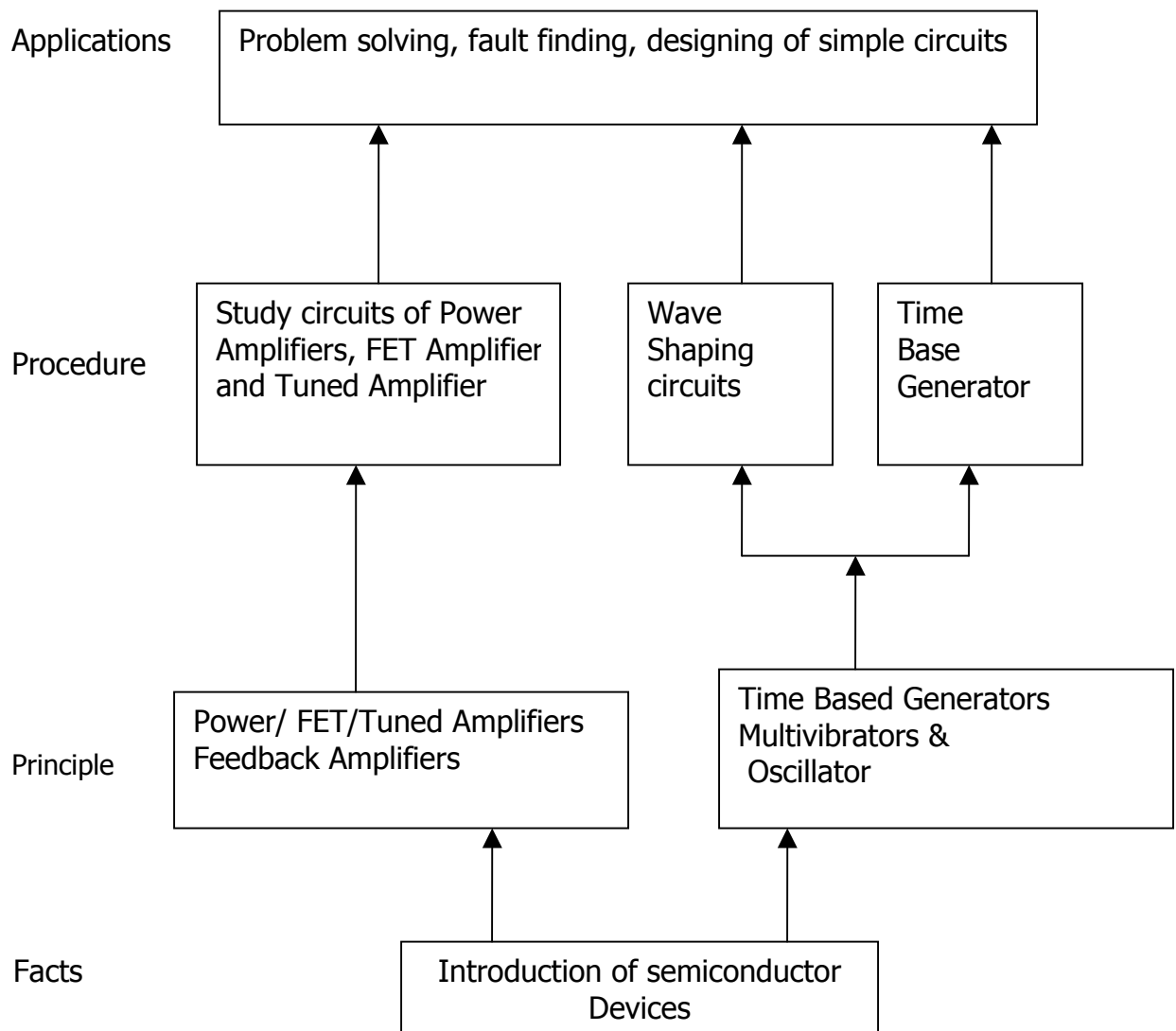
Rationale:

As a core technology subject, it intends to teach operating principle and application of electronic circuits and devices like amplifiers, oscillators, switching circuits, wave shaping circuits. The subject knowledge is required in Industrial electronics, Instrumentation and Communication system. Understanding of the subject will provide skill to the students for trouble shooting & testing of some of circuits & devices.

Objectives:

- 1] Classify various amplifiers & oscillator circuits based on their characteristics.
- 2] Classify different wave shaping circuits & multivibrators.
- 3] Configure regulated power supply using IC's.
- 4] Test and repair various devices

Learning Structure:



Contents: Theory

Chapter	Name of the Topic	Hours	Marks
01	<p>AMPLIFIERS</p> <p>i) Power Amplifiers Introduction, Classification – Class A, Class B, Class AB & Class C, efficiency of each. Single stage class A power amplifier: Circuit operation, input & output waveforms , graphical Analysis and efficiency of i] Transformer couple resistive load single stage power amplifier ii] Class A push pull amplifier iii] Class B push pull amplifier iv] Class AB push pull amplifier Concept of cross over distortion Advantages of push pull amplifier , collector power dissipation requirement & specifications of power transistor, need of heat sink.</p> <p>ii) FET Amplifier Biasing of FET: Source Self Bias, Drain to source Bias Application of FET as V V R Common Source Amplifier: Working & Applications Introduction to MOSFET:Types, Construction, Working & Applications</p> <p>iii) Tuned Amplifiers Introduction & necessity of tuned amplifier. Basic tuned circuits, series & parallel resonance in tuned circuits. Operating principle, circuit working, resonance frequency of single tuned, double tuned amplifiers.</p>	16	24
02	<p>Feedback Amplifiers & oscillators General theory of feedback: Types of feedback – negative & positive feedback. Types of negative feedback – voltage shunt, voltage series, current shunt & current series. Advantages of negative feedback on voltage gain , bandwidth , input impedance , output impedance , stability , noise , distortion in amplifiers. Introduction to oscillator , block diagram of sine wave oscillator , requirement of oscillation – Barkhausen criterion , operating principles of RC & LC oscillators RC oscillators – RC phase shift , Wien bridge LC oscillators – Colpitts , Hartley , Crystal oscillators Circuit diagram, equation for frequency of oscillation & frequency stability.</p>	10	18

03	<p>Wave shaping circuits Necessity of wave shaping circuits. Linear circuits – RC integrator & differentiator – input / output waveforms & frequency response. Non-linear circuits - Clipper , diode series & shunt , positive & negative biased & unbiased & combinational clipper. Clampers – positive & negative clampers</p>	06	12
04	<p>Multivibrators Transistor as switch. Definition & graphical representation of different time periods . Multivibrator classification , circuit working & frequency with specific application . MMV , AMV , BMV & Schmitt trigger</p>	06	12
05	<p>Time base generator_– Voltage time base generator , exponential sweep generator UJT Relaxation Oscillator, negative resistance generator. working principle & operation . Current time base generator , bootstrap & miller sweep generator , applications in TV & CRO</p>	06	10
06	<p>Trouble shooting & Testing Need for trouble shooting , Important steps for testing Visible testing – Observing circuits for visible faults like broken component, open contacts etc. Active testing – Voltage analysis, Resistance analysis, signal analysis. Trouble shootings of multivibrators, phase shift oscillators, transistorised sweep generator, clipping & clamping circuits.</p>	04	04
Total		48	90

Practical:

Intellectual Skills:

- 1 To locate faults in circuits
2. Interpret the waveforms

Motor Skill:

1. Ability to Sketch circuit/block diagram
2. Ability to interpret the circuit

List of Practical:

1. Plot Frequency response of FET amplifier
2. Plot Frequency response & bandwidth of negative feedback amplifier

3. Study function of Colpitt's oscillator
4. Study function of RC Phase shift oscillator
5. Study function of RC integrator and differentiator
6. Study function of Clipping and clamping circuits
7. Study function of Astable Multivibrators
8. Study function of Monostable Multivibrator
9. Study function of Bistable Multivibrator
10. Study function of UJT relaxation oscillator

Learning Resources:

Books:

Sr. No	Author	Title	Publication
01	Paul Malvino	Electronic Principles	Tata McGraw-Hill
02	R.S.Sedha	Applied Electronics	S.Chand & Co.
03	Allen Mottershed	Electronics Devices & Circuits	Prantice Hall India LTD.
04	J.Millman and H.Taub	Pulse Digital & Switching Waveforms	Tata McGraw-Hill
05	G.K.Mittal and A.R.Vanvasai	Pulse & Digital Electronics	Khanna Publication